**ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP MÔN ANH – KHỐI 8**

**Giữa học kì 2 - năm học 2024– 2025**

**PART A. PRONUNCIATION**

***Exercise A1. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently***

1. A. paddy B. sand C. travel D. tribal

2. A. buffalo B. photo C. limestone D. botanical

3. A. jungle B. luggage C. sunbathe D. sugar

4. A. around B. various C. sound D. mountains

5. A. heritage B. giant C. garden D. village

6. A. twice B. flight C. piece D. mind

***Exercise A2. Mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

6. A. national               B. tropical                   C. typical                            D. environment

7. A. official                         B. seasonal                  C. violent                            D. technical

8. A. logical                          B. practical                  C. financial                         D. personal

9. A. continuous                    B. disastrous               C. dangerous                       D. unconscious

10. A. religious                      B. numerous                C. disastrous                       D. delicious

11. A. suppose B. purpose C. improve D. delay

12. A. delivery B. inexpensive C. generation D. scientific

**PART B. MULTIPLE CHOICE**

***Exercise B1. Mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

1. If the temperature \_\_\_\_ rising, the polar ice caps will melt.

A. kept B. keeps C. has kept D. will keep

2. Because of \_\_\_\_ pollution, the bicycle may someday replace the automobile.

A. water B. air C. noise D. soil

3. Students should learn some practical ways that help to \_\_\_\_ pollution.

A. save B. cure C. reduce D. shorten

4. \_\_\_\_\_ Jenny left the party, she said goodbye to the host.

A. Before B. After C. As soon as D. Until

5. People think that global warming \_\_\_\_ lots of problems in the future.

A. causes B. is causing C. will cause D. has caused

6. We \_\_\_\_\_ many beautiful birds while we \_\_\_\_ in the lake.

A. saw - fished B. see - would fish C. saw - are fishing D. saw - were fishing

7. Environmental protection refers to activities that \_\_\_\_ or restore the quality of the environment.

A. maintain B. participate C. concentrate D. involve

8. The environment won't help us if we \_\_\_\_\_\_ it.

A. annoyed B. worry C. alarm D. disturb

9. \_\_\_\_ by the 3Rs? - They are Reduce, Reuse, and Recycle.

A. What are they C. When do you use B. What do you mean D. What does it stand

10. All the items at Timan Shop are \_\_\_\_\_ for two days. Some of them are 50% off.

A. online     B. on sale              C. out of stock                   D. expensive

11. Two examples of \_\_\_\_\_ shops are the florist's and the bakery.

A. goods        B. convenience   C. discount            D. speciality

12. Shopping at a shopping centre is \_\_\_\_\_. It has almost everything you want there.

A. difficult          B. cheap                  C. convenient  D. time-consuming

13. Some people go to shopping centres just to \_\_\_\_\_ with friends or browse.

A. hang out    B. discuss                    C. buy                 D. play

14. Some people may get \_\_\_\_\_ to online shopping. They cannot stop buying things, even things they don't really need.

A. interested  B. excited     C. addicted                    D. amused

15. We \_\_\_\_\_ most of our grocery shopping at large supermarkets.

A. do B. are doing C. will do D. is doing

16. The sale on all video equipment \_\_\_\_\_ on Monday next week.

A. started B. is starting C. are starting D. starts

17. As soon as he\_\_\_\_ at the airport, he \_\_\_\_\_ you

A. arrived - will call B. arrives- calls C. arrives- will call D. arrive- will call

18. The Walmart store near my home \_\_\_\_\_ open between 6 a.m. and 11 p.m. throughout the week.

A. are B. is C. were D. will be

19. At 10 o'clock tomorrow, the new bookshop in the corner \_\_\_\_\_. Let's go and visit it.

A. opens B. open C. opened D. has opened

20. A strong earthquake caused a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to eastern Japan last week.

A. damaged B. damages C. damaging D. damage

21. Two tornadoes struck Florida on Saturday morning and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 30 homes.

A. destroy B. destroyed C. destruction D. destroying

22. We cannot prevent natural disasters, but can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some of them.

A. damage B. destroy C. predict D. erupt

23. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from other states came to Oklahoma to help find the survivors.

A. Scientists B. Victims C. People D. Rescue workers

24. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can save you in life-threatening situations because its sound can attract people's attention.

A. whistle B. kit C. warning D. tool

25. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a violent storm with very strong winds that move in a circle.

A. tornado B. flood C. volcano D. landslide

26. What \_\_\_\_\_\_ when the volcano \_\_\_\_\_?

A. did you do – was erupting B. was you doing - erupted

C. were you doing - erupted D. did you do - erupted

27. Emma was a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She’s extremely keen on shopping and spends a lot of time on this expensive hobby.

A. shoppers                 B. shopaholic                 C. shoper                D. shop

28. - What do shopping centres \_\_\_\_\_\_ offer customers on special occasions?

- Mostly sales and entertainment.

A. never B. rarely C. usually D. occasionally

29. It is \_\_\_\_\_\_ easier to prevent harm to the environment than to repair it.

A. always B. never C. sometimes D. rarely

30. \_\_\_\_\_\_ he heard the warning of the tornado, he went searching for his children.

A. During B. As soon as C. While D. When

31. They were searching for information for their project \_\_\_\_\_\_ their parents were gardening.

A. as soon as B. while C. when D. till

32. I had no idea about the dangers of tsunamis \_\_\_\_\_\_ I saw the film.

A. as soon as B. while C. when D. till

33. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the flood victims at 10 o'clock last night.  
A. were helping B. was helping C. helped D. am helping

34. After Tom \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ out of his house, he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ quickly to a safer place.  
A. runs-moves B. was running-was moving C. run-moved D. ran-moved

35. Shopping centres attract a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ during the sales season.

A. teachers B. customers C. assistants D. designers

38. We should recycle various \_\_\_\_\_ products instead of throwing them away.

A. use-single                 B. singled-use                 C. single-used                 D. single-use

41. A: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ //- B: Well, I'm looking for a birthday present for my dad.

A. This is a nice tie. B. Do you like this shop?

C. What can I help you with? D. What can you look for?

42. Duong: “The flood destroyed their house.” - Nick:  “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Wow! B. That’s a relief!  C. That’s awful! D. Really

***Exercise B2. Read the following sign or notice and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **1. What does the notice say?**  ALL VISITORS PLEASE REPORT TO SITE OFFICE - Australian Safety Signs | A. If you want to visit, you have to inform the school.  B. Visitors must write a report to the school office.  C. Everyone can visit the school office.  D. All visitors are free to come to school office. |

**2. What does this sign say?**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Wet Floor Signs | A. Don't make the floor wet.  B. Be careful as the floor is wet.  C. Wet floor makes you cautious.  D. Don't step on the wet floor. |

**4. What does notice say?**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **The Science Club is open from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. to students with membership cards.** | A. You can get your membership cards from 2 p.m.to 5 p.m.  B. Only members can visit the Science Club from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.  C. All students can visit the Science Club from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.  D. Membership cards are not for all students. |

**5. What does the notice say?**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Kayak boats available for hire!**  **Adults: $10**  **Kids: $5**  **Full safety equipment provided** | A. Kayak boats are available for hire! Adults: $10, Kids: $5, and safety equipment is optional.  B. Kayak boats available for hire with a price of $10 for adults and $5 for kids, but no safety equipment is provided.  C. Kayak boats are available for hire! Adults: $10, Kids: $5, with full safety equipment provided.  D. Kayak boats available for hire! Adults: $10, Kids: $5, with limited safety equipment offered. |

**6. What does this sign say?**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Duty Free Shop Argentina - Diseño Shakespear | A. You don't have to pay taxes on items bought at Duty-Free Shops.  B. You are required to pay local taxes when buying items at Duty-Free Shops.  C. People must pay extra taxes for products in Duty-Free Shops.  D. In Duty-Free Shops, taxes are lower than in regular stores. |

**7. What does this sign say?**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| No Running in the Halls (2024) - Showsinfo.TV | A. Running in the hallway is not allowed to ensure safety and prevent accidents.  B. Running is encouraged in the hallway to get to classes faster.  C. Students are allowed to run in the hallway when it's not crowded.  D. Walking slowly is forbidden, so students must move quickly in the hallway. |

**8. What does the notice say?**

**A skirt has gone missing from the changing room.**

**If found, please hand it in to the school secretary.**

A. You should see the school secretary if you left the skirt in the changing room.

B. Someone has lost a skirt in the changing room and is asking to have it returned.

C. It's not possible to bring skirts into the changing room at this time.

D.The school is providing skirts in case anyone has lost theirs in the changing room.

**9. What does this sign say?**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | A. Get out of the theme park.  B. Go this way to the theme park.  C. The theme park is open now.  D. There is a free theme park ahead. |

**10. What does the notice say?**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **To use a credit card,**  **a minimum purchase of $15 is required.** | A. Customers can use a credit card for any purchase amount.  B. Only purchases totalling $15 or more can be paid by credit card.  C. Cash payments are allowed for only purchases more than $15.  D. Credit cards are not accepted at this location. |

**PART C. READING**

***\* Reading – Type 1.* Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 17 to 18.**

***Exercise C1***

**Question 17.** ***Put the sentences (a-c) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical text.***

Ha Long Bay in Quang Ninh - a World Natural Heritage Site - is a favourite destination for many tourists in their journey of discovery and relaxation. **\_\_\_\_\_**

a. Once there, they will be amazed by its natural beauty with nearly 2,000 islands and islets.

b. Visitors from Ha Noi can get there easily by various means of transport, from bus and taxi to airplane.

c. It also possesses many beautiful caves.

A. a-b-c B. b-c-a C. b-a-c D. c-a-b

Question 18. Choose the sentence that can end the text (in Question 17) most appropriately.

A. Besides visiting famous attractions, tourists can do various activities there.

B. Many tourists never know about Ha Long Bay.

C. Quang Ninh has a lot of beautiful sights for foreigners.

D. Delicious sea food and local cuisine are among specialities of Quang Ninh.

***Exercise C2***

**Question 17.** ***Put the sentences (a-c) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical text.***

Life in the countryside is often calm and enjoyable. The air is fresh and the nature is beautiful. In the countryside, you can see farms with animals like cows, sheep, and chickens. People grow fruits and vegetables, which are healthy and tasty. **\_\_\_\_\_\_**

a. However, some people might find country life boring as there are fewer shops and activities compared to the city.

b. The community is close-knit, neighbours are friendly and often help each other.

c. Children can go outside freely, exploring fields and forests and playing traditional games.

A. a-b-c B. a-c-b C. b-c-a D. b-a-c

Question 18. *Choose the sentence that can end the text (in Question 17) most appropriately.*

A. In addition, city life is busier, more convenient, so cities attract many young people to come and live there.

B. Overall, living in the countryside offers a slower pace of life, allowing people to enjoy simple pleasures like watching sunsets or having picnics by rivers.

C. Some people might miss the excitement of the city, where there are many shops, restaurants, and activities.

D. It is believed that life in the countryside is a perfect life for many people, especially for old people.

***Exercise C3***

**Question 17.** ***Put the sentences (a-c) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical text.***

Teenage life is a special time filled with changes and new experiences. During these years, teenagers go to school, learn important subjects, and make friends. Many enjoy joining clubs or playing sports after school, which helps them stay active and meet new people. At home, they spend time with family but also value their independence.

a. However, this time can also be challenging, as they face pressure from school and peers.

b. Teenagers often like to listen to music, watch movies, and play video games.

c. Social media is popular, as it allows them to connect with friends and share their lives online.

A. a-b-c B. a-c-b C. c-a-b D. b-c-a

Question 18. *Choose the sentence that can end the text (in Question 17) most appropriately.*

A. Generally, teenage life is a mixture of fun, learning, and personal growth.

B. Playing sports and games is one of many teenagers' leisure time activities.

C. Otherwise, this is a hard time for most-of young people to cope with.

D. Many teenagers prefer to go out to join in social activities with their friends.

***\* Reading – Type 2***

Read the following instructions and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 4.

***Exercise C5***

|  |
| --- |
| What to Do after the Super Typhoon Yagi  1. Don't leave shelters until informed by the authorities or rescue workers.  2. Make sure your loved ones are fine; check to see if there is (1) \_\_\_\_\_ damage.  3. Be alert for high water in areas where rivers may cause (1) \_\_\_\_\_ due to heavy rains.  4. Check the area around the house. Remove (3) \_\_\_\_\_ trees and plants.  5. Don't try to fix any water-damaged electronics or plug them into a socket.  6. Don't touch the loose and dangling wire (4) \_\_\_\_\_ lamp posts: it may have electric current. |

**Question 1.** A. any B. no C. every D. few

**Question 2.** A. drought B. storm C. earthquake D. flooding

**Question 3.** A. break B. breaking C. broken D. breaks

**Question 4.** A. with B. from C. inside D. under

***Exercise C6***

|  |
| --- |
| **WHAT TO DO DURING DISASTERS**  1. Stay (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ your house and away from windows  2. Don’t drive or walk into flood water.  3. Move to high ground far from (2) \_\_\_\_\_ sea  4. Get under a desk or table.  5. (3) \_\_\_\_ to local news reports and leave if they tell you to leave.  6. Call the emergency services if you are in (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ |

13. A. over B. into C. inside D. away

14. A. X B. a C. the D. an

15. A. Watch B. Listen C. Read D. Wait

16. A. dangerous B. endangered C. dangerously D. danger

***Exercise C7***

|  |
| --- |
| What to Do during a School Trip to a Beach or Near Water  1. Always stay with your group and do not go into the water alone.  2. Listen to the lifeguard's (1) \_\_\_\_\_ and obey all warning flags/ signs.  3. If caught in a rip current, swim parallel to the shore to escape, then swim back to the shore at (2) \_\_\_\_\_ angle.  4. Stay (3) \_\_\_\_\_ dangerous areas, like rocks or piers, where the waves can be strong.  5. If you see someone in distress, do not attempt to rescue them (4) \_\_\_\_\_ for help from a lifeguard or an adult. |

**Question 1.** A. voices B. instructions C. speeches D. talks

**Question 2.** A. an B. a C. the D. ∅

**Question 3.** A. inside B. into C. around D. away from

**Question 4.** A. carry B. hand C. call D. find

***Exercise C8***

|  |
| --- |
| What to do in Case of a Fire at School  1. Evacuate the building by the nearest or exit if possible. Do not use elevators during an evacuation!  2. (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ calm and listen to the teacher's instructions.  3. Do not stop to collect personal belongings.  4. Stay low to avoid smoke and cover your nose and mouth (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ needed.  5. Do not re-enter the building until you are (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ that it is safe to return  6. If your clothes catch fire, stop, drop on the (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_, and roll. Keep rolling until the flames are gone. |

**Question 1.** A. Stay B. Stand C. Come D. Wait

**Question 2.** A. because B. unless C. if D. but

**Question 3.** A. informing B. informed C. inform D. to inform

**Question 4.** A. earth B. soil C. land D. ground

***\* Reading – Type 3***

**Read the following passage and choose the best answer A, B, C, or D for each numbered blank.**

***Exercise C9***

A greenhouse is a building made of glass, where you can grow flowers and vegetables that need a lot of warmth. Sunlight (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the glass and warms the greenhouse while the glass keeps the heat from escaping.

The Earth is surrounded by a blanket of gases that acts just (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ greenhouse. Factories, electric power plants and cars make a lot of new gases. These gases are trapping more and more of the sun's (3) \_\_\_\_\_. This is called "the greenhouse effect".

If the Earth's temperature increases by just a few degrees, it will change the weather all over the planet. Some places will become (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_in or to grow (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ anymore. This will cause a lot of people to starve.

That is why people must do their best to stop the greenhouse effect by (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ fewer energy-consuming products and planting trees.

1. A. becomes through   B. shines through      C. enters into            D. goes across

2. A. similar        B. different             C. like      D. as

3. A. heat       B. warmth       C. cold          D. cool

4. A. very hot to live B. too hot to live C. so hot to live D. too hot for living

5. A. crops          B. animals    C. species D. plants

6. A. making B. maintaining      C. releasing    D. using

***Exercise C10***

A corner shop or a convenience shop is a British tradition. It is a small (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ shop. We can find a comer shop at the end of a local street in many neighbourhoods in towns and cities (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The comer shop sells all kinds of household goods and simple food and drinks like snacks, groceries, coffee, soft drinks. It also sells newspapers, magazines, and cigarettes.

Convenience stores are originally from America. They are like the British comer shops. The only (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is that convenience stores are often open 24 hours. Probably the most well-known convenience store is 7-Eleven. You can find a convenience store at any residential (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_, a filling station, a railway station, or alongside a busy road.

Today, there are convenience stores all over the world. Each country has (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of convenience stores as well as the global brand 7-Eleven. Both corner shops and convenience stores (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ things at higher prices than the supermarket, but they are much more convenient.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. retail | B. mass | C. wholesale | D. convenient |
| 2. A. in a UK | B. on the UK | C. across the UK | D. over UK |
| 3. A. good | B. difference | C. benefit | D. thing |
| 4. A. land | B. houses | C. community | D. area |
| 5. A. its own brand | B. their own design | C. it own demand | D. their own description |
| 6. A. are | B. ask | C. sell | D. offer |

***\* Reading – Type 4***

***Exercise C12. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 1 to 6.***

Shopping is an enjoyable activity for many people around the world. It involves buying items we need or want, such as food, clothes, and gifts. There are different places to shop, like supermarkets, shopping malls, and local markets. In supermarkets, you can find fresh fruits, vegetables, and everyday items. Shopping malls often have many stores, where you can buy many things such as clothes, shoes, and electronics. Local markets are great for finding unique products and **supporting** local sellers. Shopping can also be a social activity: friends and family often go together to have fun and share opinions. Many people enjoy looking for good deals and discounts. Nowadays, online shopping is becoming more and more popular, allowing people to buy items from home. You can browse many products and read reviews before making a purchase. However, it is important to be careful when shopping online and to buy from trusted websites. **Overall,** shopping is not just about buying things; it can also be a way to explore new places and spend time with loved ones.

**Question 1.** *What is the main idea of the reading passage?*

A. Shopping is an everyday life activity only for rich people.

B. Shopping is an enjoyable activity involving buying items we need.

C. Shopping is not popular in many countries.

D. Shopping only happens in towns and big cities.

**Question 2.** *The word* ***supporting*** *in the passage is CLOSEST in meaning to* ***\_\_\_\_\_****.*

A. involving B. sharing C. helping D. exploring

**Question 3.** *What do people often enjoy while shopping?*

A. Buying only expensive items

B. Shopping by themselves all the time

C. Looking for good items at low prices

D. Looking for good deals and discounts

**Question 4.** *Why is online shopping becoming more and more popular?*

A. It allows people to buy items from home.

B. The items are always less expensive.

C. It has more products to choose from.

D. It doesn't always require a lot of travel.

**Question 5.** *Which of the following statements is true?*

A. Online shopping is more popular than shopping in stores.

B. Local markets help support local sellers.

C. Supermarkets generally do not sell food.

D. Shopping malls only sell fresh food and electronics.

**Question 6.** *The word* ***Overall*** *in the last sentence is used to* ***\_\_\_\_\_****.*

A. introduce a new idea B. make a comparison

C. give a different view D. include everything in total

***Exercise C13.***

Our planet is home to some of the most remarkable natural wonders - from towering mountains and green rainforests to unspoiled beaches and serene lakes. These magnificent landscapes not only captivate our senses but also play a crucial role in maintaining the delicate balance of our ecosystems. However, in recent decades, many of these natural treasures have faced increasing threats from human activities, such as pollution, deforestation, and unsustainable development.

It is our responsibility as stewards of the Earth to protect and preserve these natural wonders for generations to come. By adopting eco-friendly practices in our daily lives, we can help reduce our environmental impact and safeguard the habitats that sustain diverse plant and animal species. This can include simple steps like recycling, conserving water, and reducing our carbon footprint.

Moreover, supporting conservation efforts and eco-tourism programmes can also contribute to the protection of these natural landscapes. When we choose to explore and experience these wonders responsibly, we can not only appreciate their beauty but also contribute to their long-term preservation.

Ultimately, the preservation of our natural wonders is not just about protecting the environment; it's about preserving the awe-inspiring beauty that inspires us, connects us to the natural world, and reminds us of the fragility and important of our planet. By taking action and embracing sustainable practices, we can ensure that these natural treasures continue to fascinate and inspire future generations.

**Question 1.** *The word* ***crucial*** *in paragraph 1 is CLOSEST in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.*

A. beautiful B. peaceful C. natural D. important

**Question 2.** *What are the main threats to natural wonders?*

A. Natural disasters and climate change

B. Pollution, deforestation, and unsustainable development

C. Overpopulation and urbanization

D. Lack of government regulations and funding

**Question 3.** *To help preserve the natural wonders, individuals can \_\_\_\_\_.*

A. increase pollution, deforestation, and unsustainable development

B. explore and experience the word's natural wonders

C. recycle, conserve water, and reduce carbon footprint

D. appreciate the beauty of the Earth and connects US to the world

**Question 4.** *What does paragraph 4 imply?*

A. Protecting the environment is not the only goal of preservation.

B. Preservation reminds us of the durability and perseverance of our planet.

C. Preservation is an expensive and long-term process.

D. The awe-inspiring beauty of natural wonders inspires us to preserve them.

**Question 5.** *The word* ***fragility*** *in paragraph 4 is OPPOSITE in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.*

A. weakness B. concern C. strength D. beauty

**Question 6.** *Which is probably the best title for this passage?*

A. Natural Wonders of the Earth B. Preserving Our Natural Wonders

C. Threats to Our Natural Wonders D. How We Impact Natural Wonders

D. Issued alerts before the storm arrived.

**PART D. WRITING**

*Exercise D2: Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.*

***1. Unless people take action to protect the environment, climate change will be worse.***

A. If people don’t take action to protect the environment, climate change would be worse.

B. If people take action to protect the environment, climate change will be worse.

C. If people don’t take action to protect the environment, climate change will be worse.

D. Unless people will take action to protect the environment, climate change is worse.

***2. Although the weather was bad, we went to school on time.***

A. We didn't go to school late because the weather was bad.

B. We were not late for school in spite of the bad weather.

C. The weather was bad, and so we went to school on time.

D. The weather was bad when it was time for us to go to school.

***3. If we want to save the environment, we need to stop using so much energy.***

A. We won't save the environment unless we stop using so much energy.

B. We want to save the environment if we need to stop using so much energy.

C. Using so much energy, we want to save the environment.

D. We need to stop using so much energy when we can save the environment.

***4. They travelled across India, and then flew on to Japan.***

A. They travelled across India as soon as they flew on to Japan.

B. After flying on to Japan, they travelled across India.

C. They didn't travel across India until they flew on to Japan.

D. After travelling across India, they flew on to Japan.

***5. My father rides his bike to work every day to help protect the environment.***

A. My father rides his bike to work and to help protect the environment.

B. My father rides his bike to work by helping protect the environment.

C. To go to work by bike every day, my father helps protect the environment.

D. To help protect the environment, my father goes to work by bike every day.

***6. I spent the whole morning browsing online for a new laptop.***

A. It take me the whole morning to browsing online for a new laptop.

B. It took me the whole morning to browse online for a new laptop.

C. It takes me the whole morning browsing online for a new laptop.

D. It took me the whole morning to browse online for the new laptop.